MALUR MUNICIPALITY.

The following draft Bye-laws proposed by the Malur Municipal Council under Section 48 (1) C of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906 for regulating the Indian Hotels or eating houses are published for the information of the public :—

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed Bye-laws, may, within one month from this date of notice, send his objections in writing to the President, Municipal Council, Malur.

(1) Any eating house or hotel includes any house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beef, poultry, vegetables, dhall and confectionary or refreshments including chapatties, rice cakes, tea, coffee etc., are prepared and kept for sale.

Any person who shall act, appear or behave as the person in charge of the eating house shall be deemed and taken to be the keeper or manager thereof.

(2) All eating houses and hotels shall satisfy the following conditions:—

(*a*) All premises used as such shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose.

(*b*) The premises shall have water facility if the President thinks that the business is carried on on a large scale.

The water used in the premises for drinking purposes shall be from the public water-supply and shall be clean and free from floating impurities in suitable covered clean receptacles.

The receptacles for the storage of water shall be placed in a clean place a foot above the ground level and provided with a tap so that the water may be drawn off.

(*c*) The walls of every eating house shall be impervious, plastered and well cemented to the height of four feet from the ground and floors of the kitchen, dining and both rooms shall be rendered impervious either by paving with Caddapa slabs or country slabs or by cement plastering.

(*d*) Kitchen and bath rooms shall be ventilated and provided with proper smoke vents so that smoke may not pervade into other dwelling houses.

All rooms in eating houses shall be well lighted and ventilated.

(3) The proprietor or the person in charge shall not allow persons to dine in any other place but the dining hall.

(4) All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metallic vessels used in the cooking or keeping food stuffs shall have a continual lining of tin and no lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose.

All reasonable precautions shall be taken to preserve cooked food, passage, sweetmeets, confectionary or preserved, dried or cut fruit intended for human consumption from contamination from flies dust and bad ordours.

(5) Food stuff of any sort shall be stored or exposed for sale in the premises which is stale, unwholesome, offensive or in any way unfit for human consamptions.

(6) All refuse and dirt in and around the premises shall be swept off and the drains well finished and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition.

There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation and the latrine shall be kept clean and the night-soil covered with ashes and removed daily.

(7) No person suffering from an infection, contageous or loathsome disease and who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in eating houses.

(8) All premises and all cooked and uncooked food stuffs shall at all times be open to inspection by the President, Vice President, the Health Officer or other officer authorised by the Municipal Council on their behalf.

(9) All cases of dangerous infectious diseases such as, cholera, plague, eruptive fevers, such as, small-pox, chicken-pox, measles and fevers of more than seven days' duration shall be notified to the President forthwith.

(10) Any infringement of any of the above Bye-laws shall render the offender liable on conviction to a fine of not exceeding Rs. 10, and to a further fine of not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

S. DHARMA RAO,
President